$m{B}$ ulletin de la $m{D}$ ialyse à $m{D}$ omicile

Letter to Editor - Bulletin de Dialyse à Domicile Has Covid-19 reduced the management of end-stage kidney disease in 2020?

(Lettre à l'éditeur - Bulletin de Dialyse à Domicile La Covid-19 a-t-elle réduit la prise en charge de la maladie rénale terminale en 2020 ?)

L.Jacobs¹, F.Collart¹, T.Baudoux², C.Bonvoisin³, JM De Smet⁴, A Devresse⁵, J Mbaba⁶, L Radermacher⁻, JM des Grottes⁸

¹CHU-Brugmann, Brussels, ²CUB Hop.Erasme, Brussels, ³CHU Sart-Tilman, Liège, ⁴CHU Vésale, Charleroi ⁵UCL ST-Luc, Brussels, ⁶CHR Mons-Hainaut, Mons, ⁷CHR Citadelle, Liège, ⁸CHU du Tivoli, La Louvière

Note : ce texte est disponible en Français à la même adresse url : https://doi.org/10.25796/bdd.v4i1.61453

The SARS-CoV-2 pandemic has been associated with a drop in diagnoses of several diseases in 2020, including cancers. Using data from the "Groupement des Néphrologues Francophones de Belgique" (GNFB), we assessed whether there was a similar effect with regards to end-stage renal disease (ESRD).

We collected data from incident patients with ESRD from 25 of the 26 centers participating to the GNFB registry. Thus, we were able to assess the annual and monthly incidence observed in 2018, 2019 and 2020.

In 2018, 971 patients started their treatment for ESRD, 970 in 2019 and 892 in 2020 - a decrease of 8% in 2020. This drop in incidence is observed in 18 of the 25 centers analyzed. Monthly comparisons show that this decrease starts in March 2020. This decrease is observed for each age group, regardless of primary renal disease, and was particularly important for the activity of preemptive transplants: 14 patients (1.4%) in 2019 and only 8 patients (0.9%) in 2020. In particular, fewer patients started a peritoneal dialysis (PD) program: 105 patients (10.7%) in 2018, 99 patients (9.9%) in 2019 but only 67 patients (6.7%) in 2020. So, between the years 2019 and 2020, we observe a 33.3% drop in the number of patients starting a peritoneal dialysis program across French-speaking Belgium. In addition, we are seeing a 50% drop in the number of patients who started home hemodialysis (HDD) since the COVID-19 pandemic: 10 patients in 2019 compared to 5 patients in 2020.

In conclusion, the year 2020 was marked by an 8% incidence drop of overall treatments for ESRD with a particularly marked decline in the home dialysis initiation programs (PD and HDD). In addition, the interruption of transplant programs in academic centers as well as the closure of ambulatory patient clinics in a majority of hospitals has been associated with a delay in nephrological management. This could, at least partially, explain these observations. Thus, several centers have lost patients with pre-terminal renal failure due to sudden deaths at home. At present, we still do not know if a rebound effect will be observed in 2021.

Mots clés : taux d'incidence, dialyse, SARS-Cov2, CO-VID-19

Key words: Incidence rate, dialysis, SARS-COv2, Covid-19

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare no conflict of interest for this article.

creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/.

received 21/03/30 accepted after revision 21/04/03, published 21/04/07

tional
License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons license, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons license and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this license, visit http://

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 Interna-